



Waterer Scotch Pine

Pinus sylvestris 'Watereri'

Height: 12 feet

Spread: 10 feet

Sunlight: ○

Hardiness Zone: 3b

Other Names: Scots Pine



Waterer Scotch Pine
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Description:

A fine evergreen specimen shrub which features very showy silvery-blue needles on a dense and compact upright form, eventually flattens out with age, very picturesque; great as a large garden shrub or as a solitary, quite tough

Ornamental Features

Waterer Scotch Pine is a dwarf conifer which is primarily valued in the landscape or garden for its distinctively pyramidal habit of growth. It has attractive silvery blue evergreen foliage. The needles are highly ornamental and remain silvery blue throughout the winter.

Landscape Attributes

Waterer Scotch Pine is a dense multi-stemmed evergreen shrub with a distinctive and refined pyramidal form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance shrub. When pruning is necessary, it is recommended to only trim back the new growth of the current season, other than to remove any dieback. Deer don't particularly care for this plant and will usually leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Waterer Scotch Pine is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- General Garden Use

Planting & Growing

Waterer Scotch Pine will grow to be about 12 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 10 feet. It tends to fill out right to the ground and therefore doesn't necessarily require facer plants in front, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 60 years or more.



This shrub should only be grown in full sunlight. It prefers dry to average moisture levels with very well-drained soil, and will often die in standing water. It is considered to be drought-tolerant, and thus makes an ideal choice for xeriscaping or the moisture-conserving landscape. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.